



Large Scale Soil Nail Walls for a Landfill Application

ASHE Altoona/District 9-0 Joint Workshop April 17, 2018

Project Situation/Application

- New valley opened for a Proposed Landfill
- History of clay particle runoff challenges
- Sedimentation ponds and ATS needed
- Narrow valley at the edge of the property



Project Situation/Application



Project Situation/Application



Geotechnical Exploration



- 17 borings placed, or one every 100 ft of wall.
- FHWA GEC Circular No. 7 recommends borings in front, in line with and behind the wall at 100 to 200 ft on center.
- Toe borings eliminated due to rock.
- Hindsight indicates we should have had 25-30 borings.

Geology and Topography

- Marginally Stable Existing Slopes Approximately 2H:1V
- Primarily composed of claystone and clayshale, with thin sandstone seams and lesser amounts of siltstone
- Regional Dip north-northwest at 20-feet per mile
- Groundwater at top of rock



FHWA GEC No. 7 (2015 rev) Soil Nailing Field Inspectors Manual (1993) (PennDOT DM4 Appendix O)

- MSE Analogy an earth mass with reinforcement
- Global Stability Just like MSE
- Internal Stability
 - Pullout, tension failure, face connection failure
 - Facing Failure Yield line theory



Staged analysis must be performed at each excavation level

GEC #7 Figure 5.1: Potential slip surfaces and PHASED soil nail tensile forces.



Combinations of soil shear failure, nail failure, facing failure and pullout failure may control

GEC #7 Figure C.3: NAIL LoAD and Stability check interaction



Same bending strength calculation as parapet and deck checks under impact

Implications of Yield Line Theory on cracking

Design Details

Considerations:

- Frost Depth
- Ease of Placement
- Temperature and Shrinkage Considerations



Design Details

Considerations:

- Frost Depth
- Ease of Placement time
- Temperature and Shrinkage Considerations – Construction and Expansion Joints



Design Details



Temperature and Shrinkage Considerations

TABLAT	TION OF	SOIL NAIL WALL BID ITEMS AND APPROXIMATE QUANTITIES	
QUANTITY	ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
	UNIT		
8366		TEMPORARY SHOTCRETE FACE	1 ³ ⁄ ₄ Acres
	SY		
8366		FINAL SHOTCRETE FACE	
	SY		
98185		SOIL NAILS NO. 14 (1)	
	LF		
6380		SOIL NAILS NO. 7 (2)	
	LF		
4610		SOIL NAILS NO. 6 (3)	24.1 miles
	LF		
18025		SOIL NAILS NO. 8 (4)	
	LF		
1496		PROTECTIVE FENCE	
	LF	1	

- (1) TOTAL LF QUANTITY IS FOR 2403 ROCK NAILS IN THE NORTH WALL
- (2) TOTAL LF QUANTITY IS FOR 399 ROCK NAILS IN THE SOUTH WALL.
- (3) TOTAL LF QUANTITY IS FOR 240 SOIL NAILS IN THE SOUTH WALL.
- (4) TOTAL LF QUANTITY IS FOR 683 SOIL NAILS IN THE NORTH WALL.

transforming ideas into reality_ ${\scriptstyle \circledast}$

Load Cell and Pressure Gages Redundant Elongation Gages



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Redesign During Construction

STA. 8+00

- A word about Safety!
- Keep the testing area clear!



Construction Challenges

- Shotcrete Cap Attempt
- Thickness Control Methods
- Form Deflections
- Shotcrete Curing and Weather

Shotcrete Cap Attempt



Shotcrete Cap Attempt



Shotcrete Cap Attempt



Form Deflections



Form Deflections



Shotcrete Curing and Weather

Figure 2 – ACI nomograph for estimating surface water evaporation rate of concrete i e. the " ACI Hot Weather Concreting Evaporation Nomograph " [5].

- History of difficulty with prompt application of curing compound
- Direct sunshine during the construction season
- Temperature and shrinkage cracking on the South Wall



Large Scale Soil Nail Walls for a Landfill application

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Questions?